

Class X - Social Science

Democratic Politics

Federalism

CBSE NOTES

Federalism - Challenge Worksheet

Strengthen your foundation with key concepts and basic applications.



Personal AI Tutor for CBSE Classes 6-12 & NCERT Help

edzy is a personal AI tutor for CBSE and State Board students, with curriculum-aligned guidance, practice, revision, and study plans that adapt to each learner.

Solve the following questions. Write your answers in the space provided.

1. Evaluate the implications of linguistic states in strengthening federalism in India.

Hint: Consider how linguistic states address regional aspirations without compromising national unity.

2. Analyze the role of the judiciary in maintaining the federal structure of India.

Hint: Think about the judiciary's role in interpreting the constitution and resolving conflicts between different levels of government.



Solve the following questions. Write your answers in the space provided.

3. Discuss the significance of the Concurrent List in Indian federalism.

Hint: Consider how the Concurrent List facilitates cooperation but also potential conflicts between central and state governments.

4. Compare the federal systems of India and the USA, highlighting key differences.

Hint: Focus on the formation and power distribution in both federal systems.



Solve the following questions. Write your answers in the space provided.

5. Examine the impact of coalition governments on Indian federalism post-1990.

Hint: Consider how regional parties in coalition governments influence central policies.

6. Assess the challenges faced by local governments in India after the 1992 constitutional amendments.

Hint: Think about the gaps between constitutional provisions and ground realities in local governance.



Solve the following questions. Write your answers in the space provided.

7. Critically evaluate the special status granted to certain states under Article 371.

Hint: Consider the balance between protecting regional identities and promoting national unity.

8. Discuss the role of the State Election Commission in strengthening grassroots democracy.

Hint: Think about how independent election bodies enhance democratic participation at the local level.



Solve the following questions. Write your answers in the space provided.

9. Analyze the debate around Hindi as the official language of India in the context of federalism.

Hint: Consider the tensions between national unity and regional linguistic identities.

10. Evaluate the effectiveness of the three-tier system of Panchayati Raj in India.

Hint: Think about how decentralization impacts governance and public participation at the grassroots level.



Check your answers with the solutions below.

1. Evaluate the implications of linguistic states in strengthening federalism in India.

Solution: Linguistic states have played a crucial role in accommodating regional diversity while promoting national unity. For example, the creation of states like Andhra Pradesh for Telugu speakers has reduced regional tensions. However, critics argue that it may lead to demands for more states based on language, potentially threatening national integrity. The success lies in balancing unity with diversity.

2. Analyze the role of the judiciary in maintaining the federal structure of India.

Solution: The judiciary acts as an umpire in disputes between the central and state governments, ensuring neither oversteps its constitutional boundaries. For instance, the Supreme Court's intervention in the NJAC case upheld the federal balance. However, delays in judicial processes can sometimes hinder effective federal governance.

3. Discuss the significance of the Concurrent List in Indian federalism.

Solution: The Concurrent List allows both central and state governments to legislate on subjects like education and marriage, ensuring cooperative federalism. However, conflicts arise when laws overlap, with the central law prevailing, which some argue undermines state autonomy. Examples include the recent farm laws controversy.

4. Compare the federal systems of India and the USA, highlighting key differences.

Solution: India's federalism is 'holding together,' with a strong central government, while the USA's is 'coming together,' with more state autonomy. For example, in the USA, states have their own constitutions, unlike in India. However, both systems aim to balance unity and regional diversity.



Check your answers with the solutions below.

5. Examine the impact of coalition governments on Indian federalism post-1990.

Solution: Coalition governments have strengthened federalism by giving regional parties a voice at the center, ensuring state concerns are addressed. For example, the DMK's influence in the UPA government. However, it can also lead to instability and policy paralysis, as seen in the 1990s.

6. Assess the challenges faced by local governments in India after the 1992 constitutional amendments.

Solution: While the amendments mandated regular elections and reserved seats, challenges like inadequate resources and lack of power devolution persist. For example, many panchayats lack funds for development projects. However, successes like Kerala's decentralization show potential when states actively support local governance.

7. Critically evaluate the special status granted to certain states under Article 371.

Solution: Special status under Article 371 protects the unique cultural and historical identities of states like Nagaland. For example, it restricts land ownership to indigenous people. Critics argue it creates inequality among states and hampers national integration, as seen in demands for similar status by other states.

8. Discuss the role of the State Election Commission in strengthening grassroots democracy.

Solution: The State Election Commission ensures free and fair local elections, empowering grassroots democracy. For example, it has increased women's participation through reserved seats. However, issues like political interference and lack of awareness hinder its effectiveness in some regions.



Check your answers with the solutions below.

9. Analyze the debate around Hindi as the official language of India in the context of federalism.

Solution: While Hindi promotes linguistic unity, its imposition risks alienating non-Hindi speakers, as seen in Tamil Nadu's anti-Hindi agitations. The flexible approach, allowing English and regional languages, has helped maintain federal harmony. However, critics argue it favors the English-speaking elite.

10. Evaluate the effectiveness of the three-tier system of Panchayati Raj in India.

Solution: The three-tier system has decentralized power, bringing governance closer to people, as seen in Kerala's participatory budgeting. However, challenges like inadequate funding and bureaucratic resistance limit its effectiveness. Successful cases highlight the need for greater state support and public participation.



Study smart, not hard - with Edzy!

For Students

- Practice past papers to get exam-ready
- Study with a timer to stay focused
- Revise regularly to build long-term memory

For Teachers

- Use Edzy to share quizzes instantly with students
- Save time with ready-made teaching aids
- Simplify test prep with structured resources

Before You Sleep:

Quickly review important notes - it helps memory consolidation.

Download Edzy App

Discover why we're called India's largest learning platform.



Personal AI Tutor for CBSE Classes 6-12 & NCERT Help

edzy is a personal AI tutor for CBSE and State Board students, with curriculum-aligned guidance, practice, revision, and study plans that adapt to each learner.